Item #: 0593C
Sray Lubricant/Penetrating Oil
(24 oz. Aerosol)

ZEP SUPER PENETRANT

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
## AND SAFE HANDLING DISPOSAL INFORMATION

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ZEP MANUFACTURING COMPANY
P.O. BOX 2015
ATLANTA, GA 30301
Acuity Specialty Products Group 1-877-I-BUY-ZEP


SOLD TO:
00922

CITY OF PITTSBURGH 356
DEPT OF PARKS
6300 AVRR
PITTSBURGH PA 15201

A43169 Branch: 356

ZEP SUPER PENETRANT

Product Number: 0250 Aerosol Penetrant Spray

### SECTION I - EMERGENCY CONTACTS

For Additional Information call
Acuity Specialty Products Group 1-877-I-BUY-ZEP

For a Medical Emergency:
INFOTRAC
(877) 541-2016 Toll Free - All Calls Recorded

For a Transportation Emergency:
CHEMTREC
(800) 424-9300
In the District of Columbia: (202) 483-7616

### SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

| DESIGNATIONS | TLV (PPM) | EFFECTS (SEE NOTICE) | %IN PROD. |
|---|---|---|---|
| ** ALIPHATIC NAPHTHA ** ligroin; CAS# 8052-41-3; RTECS# WJ8952000; OSHA PEL - 100 ppm | 100 | CNS CBL | 50-60 |
| ** D-LIMONENE ** orange distillate; citrus terpene; cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethenyl)-, (R)-; CAS# 5989-27-5; RTECS# GW6360000; OSHA PEL N/D | N/D | CBL SEN | < 10 |
| ** TERPENE HYDROCARBONS ** CAS# 68956-56-9; RTECS# NONE; OSHA PEL/ACGIH TLV - Not Determined | N/D | IRR CBL | < 10 |
| ** MINERAL SEAL OIL ** (mineral oil); petrolatum; CAS# 64742-30-9; RTECS# - NONE; ACGIH/OSHA OIL MIST LIMIT = 5 mg/m3 | N/A | IRR | 5-15 |
| ** BLEND OF [ISOBUTANE; CAS# 75-28-5; RTECS# TZ4300000] & [PROPANE; CAS# 74-98-6; RTECS# TX2775000] & [n-BUTANE; CAS# 106-97-8; RTECS# EJ4200000] OSHA PEL-1000 ppm ** | 800 | FBL | 5-15 |

### SECTION III - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

SPECIAL NOTE: MSDS data pertains to the product as dispensed from the container. Adverse health effects would not be expected under recommended conditions of use (diluted) so long as prescribed safety precautions are practiced.

ACUTE EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:
Exposure by inhalation may produce eye, nose, and throat irritation. Inhalation of harmful amounts of vapor may produce mild central nervous system depression, characterized by headache, nausea, vertigo and stupor. If vomiting occurs, aspiration of the solvent into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonia. Existing respiratory disorders or skin diseases may be aggravated by exposure.
Inhalation of aerosol mist may produce chemical pneumonia.

CHRONIC EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:
Repeated or prolonged inhalation exposure may produce reversible lung damage. Skin which is repeatedly defatted by contact with solvents may be more susceptible to irritation, infection, and dermatitis.
None of the ingredients are listed as carcinogens by IARC, NTP, or OSHA.
EST'D PEL/TLV: Not established PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inh, Skin.

HMIS CODES: HEALTH 2; FLAM. 4; REACT. 0; PERS. PROTECT. B ; CHRONIC HAZ. YES

FIRST AID PROCEDURES:
SKIN: Wash contaminated skin thoroughly with soap or a mild detergent. Apply a skin cream with lanolin. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting upper and lower lids. Get medical attention at once.
INHALE: If symptoms occur, move affected person to fresh air. If symptoms persist, get medical attention promptly.
INGEST: Aspiration hazard - do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hip level. Get emergency medical attention immediately.

### SECTION IV - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Wear neoprene, nitrile, or natural rubber gloves or gloves with proven resistance to the ingredients listed.
EYE PROTECTION: Wear tight-fitting splash-proof safety glasses especially if contact lenses are worn.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: If ventilation is inadequate, wear a properly fitting MSHA or OSHA-approved respirator.
VENTILATION: Ventilation should be equivalent to outdoors. Use exhaust fans and open windows in enclosed spaces.

## SECTION V - PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT (F): > 300 SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.805
VAPOR PRESSURE(mmHg): N/D EVAPORATION RATE (=1): N/D
VAPOR DENSITY(AIR=1): N/D pH(CONCENTRATE): N/A
pH(USE DILUTION OF N/A): N/A
VOC CONTENT (CONCENTRATE): 77.6%
APPEARANCE AND ODOR: AEROSOL CONTAINING THIN CLEAR LIQUID WITH A "SOLVENT" ODOR

## SECTION VI - FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT(F) (METHOD USED): Extremely Flammable (CSMA)
FLAMMABLE LIMITS: LEL: 0.7% UEL: 7.0%
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical and foam.
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING: Wear self-contained positive pres. breathing apparatus.
UNUSUAL FIRE HAZARDS: Direct water onto intact containers to prevent bursting.

## SECTION VII - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: Stable
INCOMPATIBLILITY(AVOID): Heat, open flame, spark, and oxidizing agents.
POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and other unidentified organic compounds.

## SECTION VIII - SPILL AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:
Observe safety precautions in sections 4 & 9 during spill clean-up. Large spills are unlikely due to packaging. Spill may be absorbed on an inert absorbent material, and placed in a suitable container for disposal. Wash area thoroughly with a detergent solution and rinse well with water.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:
Product is consumed in use. Do not crush, puncture or incinerate spent containers. Large numbers of aerosol containers may require handling as a hazardous waste, but in most states total hazardous waste quantities less than 220 lbs per month may allow disposal in a chemical or industrial waste landfill. Consult local, state and federal agencies for the proper disposal method in your area.
RCRA HAZ. WASTE NOS.: D001

## SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN WHEN HANDLING AND STORING:
Flammable! Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame, and any source of ignition.
Do not store at temperatures above 120F (39C) or in direct sunlight. Do not puncture or incinerate container.
Keep product away from skin and eyes.
Do not breathe spray mists or vapors.
Clothing or shoes which become contaminated with substance should be removed promptly and not reworn until thoroughly cleaned.
Vapors are heavier than air and will accumulate at low points. Ventilation should include floor level exhausting.

## SECTION X - REGULATORY INFORMATION

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: CONSUMER COMMODITY,
NOTE: DOT information applies to larger package sizes of affected products. For some products, DOT may require alternate names and labeling in accordance with packaging group requirements.
DOT HAZARD CLASS: ORM-D DOT PACKING GROUP: N/A
DOT I.D. NUMBER: N/A DOT LABEL/PLACARD: ORM-D
EPA TSCA CHEMICAL INVENTORY - ALL INGREDIENTS ARE LISTED
EPA CWA 40CFR PART 117 SUBSTANCE(RQ IN A SINGLE CONTAINER): NONE

## NOTICE

Thank you for your interest in, and use of, this product. Acuity Specialty Products Group is pleased to be of service to you by supplying this Material Safety Data Sheet for your files. Acuity Specialty Products Group is concerned for your health and safety. This product and all others supplied by Acuity Specialty Products Group companies can be used safely with proper protective equipment and proper handling practices consistent with label instructions and the MSDS. Before using any this product, be sure to read the complete label and the Material Safety Data Sheet.

As a further word of caution, Acuity Specialty Products Group wishes to advise that serious accidents have resulted from the misuse of "emptied" containers. "Empty" containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition; they may explode or develop harmful vapors and possibly cause injury or death. Clean empty containers by triple rinsing with water or an appropriate solvent. Empty containers must be sent to a drum reconditioner before reuse.

### TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS
**Listed Alphabetically by Section**

### SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

**CAR:** Carcinogen - A chemical listed by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) or OSHA as a definite or possible human cancer causing agent.
**CAS#:** Chemical Abstract Services Registry Number - A universally accepted numbering system for chemical substances.
**CBL:** Combustible - At temperatures between 100°F and 200°F chemical gives off enough vapor to ignite if a source of ignition is present as tested with a closed cup tester.
**CNS:** Central Nervous System depressant that reduces the activity of the brain and spinal cord.
**COR:** Corrosive - Causes irreversible injury to living tissue (e.g. burns).
**DESIGNATIONS:** Chemical and common names of hazardous ingredients.
**EIR:** Eye Irritant Only - Causes reversible reddening and/or inflammation of eye tissues.
**EXPOSURE LIMITS:** The time weighted average (TWA) airborne concentration at which most workers can be exposed without any expected adverse effects. Primary sources include ACGIH TLVs, and OSHA PELs.
**ACGIH:** American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
**CEILING:** "The concentration that should not be exceeded in the workplace during any part of the working exposure." Source, ACGIH
**OSHA:** Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
**PEL:** Permissible Exposure Limit - A set of time weighted average exposure values, established by OSHA, for a normal 8-hour day and a 40-hour workweek.
**PPM:** Parts per million - unit of measure for exposure limits.
**(S) SKIN:** Skin contact with substance can contribute to overall exposure.
**STEL:** Short Term Exposure Limit - Maximum concentration for a continuous 15-minute exposure period.
**TLV:** Threshold Limit Value - A set of time weighted average exposure limits, established by the ACGIH, for a normal 8-hour day and a 40-hour workweek.
**FBL:** Flammable - At temperatures under 100°F, chemical gives off enough vapors to ignite if a source of ignition is present as tested with a closed cup tester.
**HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:** Chemical substances that are determined to be potential health or physical hazards based on the criteria established in the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard - 29 CFR 1910.1200
**HTX:** Highly toxic - the probable lethal dose for a 70 kg (150 lb.) man, which may be approximated as less than 6 teaspoons (2 tablespoons)
**IRR:** Irritant - Causes reversible effects in living tissues (e.g. inflammation) - primarily skin and eyes.
**N/A:** Not Applicable - Category is not appropriate for this product.
**N/D:** Not Determined - Insufficient information to make a determination for this item.
**RTECS#:** Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances - an unreviewed listing of published toxicology data on chemical substances.
**SARA:** Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act - Section 313 designates certain chemicals for possible reporting for the Toxic Chemical Release Inventory.
**SEN:** Sensitizer - Causes allergic reaction after repeated exposure.
**TOX:** Toxic - The probable lethal dose for a 70 kg (150 kg) man is one ounce (2 tablespoons) or more.

### SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

**ACUTE EFFECT:** An adverse effect on the human body from a single exposure with symptoms developing almost immediately after exposure or within a relatively short time.
**CHRONIC EFFECT:** Adverse effects that are most likely to occur from repeated exposure over a long period of time.
**EST'D PEL/TLV:** This estimated, time-weighted-average, exposure limit, developed by using a formula provided by the ACGIH, pertains to airborne concentrations from the product as a whole. This value should serve as guide for providing safe workplace conditions to nearly all workers.
**HMIS CODES:** Hazardous Material Identification System - a rating system developed, by the National Paint and Coating Association for estimating the hazard potential of a chemical under normal workplace conditions. These risk estimates are indicated by a numerical rating given in each of three hazard areas (Health/ Flammability/Reactivity) ranging from a low of zero to a high of 4. The presence of a chronic hazard is indicated by a "YES". Consult HMIS training guides for Personal Protection letter codes, which indicate necessary protective equipment.
**PRIMARY ROUTE OF ENTRY:** The way one or more hazardous ingredients may enter the body and cause a generalized-systemic or specific-organ toxic effect.
**ING:** Ingestion - A primary route of exposure through swallowing of material.
**INH:** Inhalation - A primary route of exposure through breathing of vapors.
**SKIN:** A primary route of exposure through contact with the skin.

### SECTION IV: SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

Where respiratory protection is recommended, use only MSHA and NIOSH approved respirators and dust masks.
**MSHA:** Mine Safety and Health Administration
**NIOSH:** National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health.

### SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

**EVAPORATION RATE:** Refers to the rate of change from the liquid state to the vapor state at ambient temperature and pressure in comparison to a given substance (e.g. water).
**pH:** A value representing the acidity or alkalinity of an aqueous solution (Highly Acidic pH = 1; Neutral pH = 7; Highly Alkaline pH = 14)
**VOC CONTENT:** The percentage or amount in pounds per gallon of the product that is regulated as a Volatile Organic Compound under the Clean Air Act of 1990 and various state jurisdictions.
**SOLUBILITY IN WATER:** A description of the ability of the product to dissolve in water.

### SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:** Breakdown products expected to be produced upon product decomposition by extreme heat or fire.
**INCOMPATIBILITY:** Keep product away from listed substances or conditions to prevent hazardous reactions.
**POLYMERIZATION:** Indicates the tendency of the product's molecules to combine with themselves in a chemical reaction releasing excess pressure and heat.
**STABILITY:** Indicates the susceptibility of the product to decompose spontaneously and dangerously.

### SECTION VIII: SPILL AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES

**RCRA WASTE NOs:** RCRA (Resource Conservation and Recovery Act) waste codes (40 CFR 261) applicable to the disposal of spilled or unusable product from the original container.

### SECTION X: TRANSPORTATION DATA

**CWA:** Clean Water Act - Federal law that regulates chemical releases to bodies of water.
**RQ:** Reportable Quantity - The amount of the specific ingredient that, when spilled to the ground and, can enter a storm sewer or natural watershed, must be reported to the National Response Center, and other regulatory agencies.
**TSCA:** Toxic Substances Control Act - A federal law requiring all commercial chemical substances to appear on an inventory maintained by the EPA.

### DISCLAIMER

All statements, technical information, and recommendations contained herein are based on available scientific tests or data that we believe to be reliable. The accuracy and completeness of such data are not warranted or guaranteed. We cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and our products, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with our products, may be used. Acuity Specialty Products Group assumes no liability or responsibility for loss or damage resulting from the improper use or handling of our products, from incompatible product combinations, or from the failure to follow instructions, warnings, and advisories in the product label and Material Safety Data Sheet

(rev 06/02)